REMARKS

Amendments to the specification have been made and are submitted herewith in the attached Substitute Specification. A clean copy of the specification and a marked-up version showing the changes made are attached herewith. The claims and abstract have been amended in the attached Preliminary Amendment. All amendments have been made to place the application in proper U.S. format and to conform with proper grammatical and idiomatic English. None of the amendments herein are made for reasons related to patentability. No new matter has been added.

Attached hereto is a marked-up version of the changes made to the claims and abstract by the current amendment. The attached page is captioned "Version with markings to show changes made".

In the unlikely event that the transmittal letter is separated from this document and the Patent Office determines that an extension and/or other relief is required, applicant petitions for any required relief including extensions of time and authorizes the Commissioner to charge the cost of such petitions and/or other fees due in connection with the filing of this document to Deposit Account No. 03-1952 referencing docket no. 449122013100. However, the Commissioner is not authorized to charge the cost of the issue fee to the Deposit Account.

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: April 22, 2002

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For the convenience of the Examiner, the changes made are shown below with deleted text in strikethrough and added text in underline.

In the Specification:

Please replace the Title with the following rewritten Title:

COMMUNICATIONS METHOD AND COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM TO CONVERT MESSAGES INTO TELEVISION SIGNALS

In the Claims:

Please cancel claims 1-17.

Please add new claims 18-34 as follows:

18. (New) A communications method, comprising:

inputting short message information on a mobile terminal;

transmitting short message information from the mobile terminal via a mobile radiotelephone channel to a corresponding base station;

transmitting the short message information from the base station to a TV transmitter unit; converting the short message information into corresponding TV transmission signals; transmitting the TV transmission signals corresponding to the short message information

to a TV set; and

presenting short message information on the TV set to visualize the TV transmission signals or transmitting to another mobile terminal for output.

19. (New) The communications method as claimed in claim 18, wherein during inputting, a telephone number is entered together with the short message information, and during the transmitting from the base station, the short message information is transmitted to the TV transmitter unit corresponding to the telephone number.

- 20. (New) The communications method as claimed in claim 18, wherein during transmitting the TV transmission signals, the TV transmission signals corresponding to the short message information are transmitted via a transmission channel reserved for the transmission of short message information to the TV set.
- 21. (New) The communications method as claimed in claim 18, wherein the TV transmission signals corresponding to the short message information are transmitted via a transmission channel reserved for a TV program to the TV set.
- 22. (New) The communications method as claimed in claim 21, wherein during presenting, the short message information is presented in videotext of the corresponding TV program.
- 23. (New) <u>The communications method as claimed in claim 21, wherein during presenting,</u> the short message information is inserted into the TV program.
- 24. (New) The communications method as claimed in claim 18, wherein during presenting, the short message information is presented on the TV set in the form of a permanent local display.
- 25. (New) The communications method as claimed in claim 18, wherein during presenting, the short message information is presented on the TV set in the form of a scrolling display.
- 26. (New) The communications method as claimed in claim 18, wherein during presenting, short message information from different mobile terminals is presented simultaneously on the TV set.
- 27. (New) The communications method as claimed claim 18, wherein the short message information during presenting is presented on the TV set together with a telephone number which is allocated to the mobile terminal and is used during inputting and transmitting from the mobile terminal to enter and send the short message information.
- 28. (New) The communications method as claimed in claim 18, wherein the short message information during inputting is entered via a keypad of the mobile terminal.

29. (New) A communications system comprising:

a plurality of mobile terminals which communicate with one another via a mobile radiotelephone channel, whereby the mobile terminals are configured to transmit short message information;

at least one TV transmitter unit having a reception unit to receive the short message information transferred by one of the mobile terminals;

a conversion unit to convert the received short message information into TV transmission signals; and

a transmission unit to transmit the TV transmission signals corresponding to the received short message information via a TV transmission channel, wherein

the mobile terminals communicate with one another via at least one base station, the base station configured such that it forwards short message information received from one of the mobile terminals to the TV transmitter unit identified by a corresponding telephone number or transmits the short message information directly to another mobile terminal for output.

- 30. (New) The communications system as claimed in claim 29, wherein the transmission unit of the TV transmitter unit is configured to transmit the TV transmission signals corresponding to the short message information via the TV transmission channel reserved for the transmission of short message information.
- 31. (New) The communications system as claimed in claim 30, wherein the transmission unit of the TV transmitter unit are configured to transmit the TV transmission signals corresponding to the short message information via the TV transmission channel reserved for the transmission of short message information.
- 32. (New) The communications system as claimed in claim 31, wherein the transmission unit of the TV transmitter unit is configured to transmit the short message information via a TV transmission channel embedded in videotext information of the corresponding TV program.
- 33. (New) The communications system as claimed in claim 29, wherein the short message information is transmitted via the TV transmission channel to a plurality of TV sets, the TV sets presenting the short message information in the form of a permanent local display.

34. (New) The communications system as claimed in claim 29, wherein the short message information is transmitted via the TV transmission channel to a plurality of TV sets, the TV sets presenting the short message information in the form of a scrolling display.

In the Abstract:

Please replace the Abstract with the substitute Abstract attached hereto.

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COMMUNICATIONS METHOD AND COMMUNICATIONS—SYSTEM TO CONVERT MESSAGES INTO TELEVISION SIGNALS

CLAIM FOR PRIORITY

This application claims priority to International Application No. PCT/DE00/01111 which was published in the German language on January 4, 2001.

TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

and method of communication, in 10 A system for communicating into particular, short messages television signals.

The present invention relates to a communications method according to the preamble to claim 1 and a communications system according to the preamble to claim 12.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

conventional radiotelephone mobile systems, In communications information, in particular information, is transmitted between mobile terminals or mobile telephones, whereby, to transmit information, base stations are provided which forward the information arriving from a mobile telephone to the required destination terminal. The base stations also serve as an interface with the fixed telephone network which line-connected subscriber terminals connected, and with which communication with the mobile telephones is similarly possible.

modern mobile radiotelephone systems, e.g. mobile radiotelephone systems (Global System For Mobile Communications), "Teleservices" additionally are offered. A teleservice of this type is, for example, in "Short mobile radiotelephone systems, is the GSM

Message Services" (SMS), which supports the transmission of short messages comprising up to 160 (7-bit ASCII) alphanumeric characters, between the mobile telephones of the mobile radiotelephone system. Each short message is transmitted in the form of a data packet. A short message of this type is entered via the keypad of one mobile telephone and is presented on the display of the mobile telephone dialed up by the transmitting mobile radiotelephone subscriber.

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However, in these known short message services which offered in conventional mobile radiotelephone systems, a short message messages can normally be sent to one destination subscriber only. If a user wants to address a plurality of destination subscribers are intended to be addressed, the short message transmission must be repeated several times with different for telephone numbers which are allocated to the individual required destination subscribers being In addition, short messages can only be addressed. transmitted between persons who possess telephone or other mobile terminal which is capable of receiving short information of this type.

The object of the present invention is therefore to propose a communications method and a corresponding communications system which, with simple means, enables the transmission of short messages to a virtually unlimited group of persons.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In one embodiment of the invention, there is a communications method. The method includes, for example, inputting short message information on a mobile terminal, transmitting short message information from the mobile terminal via a mobile radiotelephone

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channel to a corresponding base station, transmitting
the short message information from the base station to
a TV transmitter unit, converting the short message
information into corresponding TV transmission signals,
transmitting the TV transmission signals corresponding
to the short message information to a TV set, and
presenting short message information on the TV set to
visualize the TV transmission signals or transmitting
to another mobile terminal for output.

In another aspect of the invention, during inputting, a telephone number is entered together with the short message information, and during the transmitting from the base station, the short message information is transmitted to the TV transmitter unit corresponding to the telephone number.

In another aspect of the invention, during transmitting the TV transmission signals, the TV transmission signals corresponding to the short message information are transmitted via a transmission channel reserved for the transmission of short message information to the TV set.

In yet another aspect of the invention, the TV transmission signals corresponding to the short message information are transmitted via a transmission channel reserved for a TV program to the TV set.

In another aspect of the invention, during presenting, the short message information is presented in videotext of the corresponding TV program.

In another aspect of the invention, during presenting, the short message information is inserted into the TV program.

In still another aspect of the invention, during presenting, the short message information is presented on the TV set in the form of a permanent local display.

In another aspect of the invention, during

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presenting, the short message information is presented on the TV set in the form of a scrolling display.

In another aspect of the invention, during presenting, short message information from different mobile terminals is presented simultaneously on the TV set.

In yet another aspect of the invention, the short message information during presenting is presented on the TV set together with a telephone number which is allocated to the mobile terminal and is used during inputting and transmitting from the mobile terminal to enter and send the short message information.

In another aspect of the invention, the short message information during inputting is entered via a keypad of the mobile terminal.

In another embodiment of the invention, there is a communications system. The system includes, for example, a plurality of mobile terminals which communicate with one another via a mobile radiotelephone channel, whereby the mobile terminals are configured to transmit short message information, at least one TV transmitter unit having a reception unit to receive the short message information transferred by one of the mobile terminals, a conversion unit to convert the received short message information into TV transmission signals, and a transmission unit to transmit the TV transmission signals corresponding to the received short message information via a TV transmission channel, wherein the mobile terminals communicate with one another via at least one base station, the base station configured such that it forwards short message information received from one of the mobile terminals to the TV transmitter unit identified by a corresponding telephone number or transmits the short message information directly to another mobile terminal for

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output.

In another aspect of the invention, the transmission unit of the TV transmitter unit is configured to transmit the TV transmission signals corresponding to the short message information via the TV transmission channel reserved for the transmission of short message information.

In another aspect of the invention, the transmission unit of the TV transmitter unit are configured to transmit the TV transmission signals corresponding to the short message information via the TV transmission channel reserved for the transmission of short message information.

In still another aspect of the invention, the transmission unit of the TV transmitter unit is configured to transmit the short message information via a TV transmission channel embedded in videotext information of the corresponding TV program.

In another aspect of the invention, the short message information is transmitted via the TV transmission channel to a plurality of TV sets, the TV sets presenting the short message information in the form of a permanent local display.

In another aspect of the invention, the short

message information is transmitted via the TV

transmission channel to a plurality of TV sets, the TV

sets presenting the short message information in the

form of a scrolling display.

This object is achieved according to the present invention by a communications method with the features of claim 1 and a communications system with the features of claim 12. The subclaims in each case define preferred and advantageous embodiments of the present invention.

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According to the invention, it is proposed to transmit packet oriented messages, such as SMS short messages or data transmitted by means of GPRS (GSM General Packet Radio Services), from mobile terminals, e.g. mobile telephones, of a mobile radiotelephone system to a TV transmitter unit which converts these messages into TV transmission signals and feeds them into the TV network, so that the messages can be visualized and presented on the screens of all TV sets connected to the TV network.

These short messages can be presented, for example, continuously on a free channel space, or can be incorporated into the videotext of a corresponding TV program.

In this way, subscribers can participate spontaneously and interactively in television productions or television programs. In this respect, it has hitherto only been known to participate in the respective television program via a telephone voice link, via DTMF enabled telephones (Dual Tone Multi Frequency) or via cable connected data transmission (in particular via the Internet), which requires the corresponding hardware and is consequently expensive.

Furthermore, on the basis of the present invention, it is also possible to create virtual TV chatrooms for chat between a multiplicity of subscribers, or TV marketplaces for submitting sale/purchase advertisements, etc.

With the aid of the present invention, any mobile radio subscriber can address a virtually unlimited group of persons, since the TV transmitter unit selected by him forwards the relevant short messages to all TV sets

connected to the television network. In particular, subscribers who possess no mobile terminal can also be addressed. The corresponding subscriber has only to possess a TV set and a mobile telephone in order to participate actively in the communication.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention is explained in detail below with reference to the attached drawing.

10 Fig. 1 shows the <u>a</u> simplified structure of a communications system according to an embodiment of the present invention.

Figs. 2A and 2B show representations to explain the <u>an</u> <u>exemplary</u> input and transmission of short messages in the communications system shown in Fig. 1

Fig. 3 shows a representation to explain the visualization of short messages transmitted via the communications system shown in Fig. 1 on the screen of a TV set.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The present invention discloses a communications method and system which enables the transmission of short messages to an unlimited group of persons.

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According to the invention, packet-oriented messages, such as SMS short messages or data transmitted by means of GPRS (GSM General Packet Radio Services), are transmitted from mobile terminals, e.g. mobile telephones, of a mobile radiotelephone system to a TV transmitter unit. These messages are converted into TV transmission signals and fed into the TV network, so that the messages can be visualized and presented on the screens of TV sets connected to the TV network.

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The short messages can be presented, for example,

continuously on a free channel space, or can be incorporated into the videotext of a corresponding TV program.

In this way, subscribers can participate spontaneously interactively in television productions television programs. In this respect, it has only been known to interact with the television program via a telephone voice link, via DTMF-enabled telephones (Dual Multi-Frequency) or via cable-connected 10 data transmission (in particular via the Internet), which the appropriate hardware and is often requires expensive.

The present invention also provides the ability to create virtual TV chatrooms for discussion between multiple subscribers, or TV marketplaces for submitting sale/purchase advertisements, etc.

With the present invention, mobile radio subscribers can address an unlimited group of persons, since the TV transmitter unit selected by the subscriber forwards the relevant short messages to all TV sets connected to the television network. In particular, subscribers who possess no mobile terminal can also be addressed. The subscriber need only possess a TV set and a mobile telephone in order to participate actively in the communication.

The communications system shown in Fig. 1 comprises a mobile radiotelephone system, for example a mobile radiotelephone system according to the GSM standard, which is represented by including two mobile telephones 1a, 1b and a base station 2. The mobile telephones 1a, 1b transmit communications information via an uplink

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7a, 7b to the base station 2, which in turn transmits communications information via the downlink 8a, 8b to the mobile telephones 1a, 1b. The base station 2 serves as an interface, on the one hand between all mobile telephones of the corresponding mobile radiotelephone system and, on the other hand, and between the mobile radiotelephone system and a fixed telephone network (not shown), so that. This makes it is also possible to telephone or communicate via the mobile telephones with fixed-network subscribers. The radiotelephone network normally typically cellular structure, whereby a base station allocated to each radio cell and is responsible for the mobile telephones 1a, 1b located in the corresponding radio cell.

Packet-oriented messages, i.e. information transmitted in the form of data packets, can be transmitted by the mobile telephones 1a, 1b. These packet-oriented for example, be SMS (Short messages may, Message Services) short messages or data transmitted by means (GSM General Packet Radio Services). short messages are may be entered via the keypad 12a, 12b of the mobile telephone or by means of voice input (through voice recognition on the mobile telephone itself via а voice server of the mobile orare transmitted radiotelephone network) and via mobile radiotelephone channel to the required mobile subscriber identified radiotelephone corresponding telephone number, to be presented there on the display 11a, 11b.

In addition, a television or TV system is provided which comprises a TV transmitter unit 3 with a terrestrial or cable-connected television network connected thereto. By dialing a telephone number, which is allocated to a specific television program or the

corresponding TV transmitter unit 3, any mobile radiotelephone subscriber can transmit short messages, not only to one other mobile radiotelephone subscriber, but also to all TV sets 10a, 10b connected to the television network of the dialed-up TV transmitter unit 3.

transmitter unit The 3 has а radio-frequency TV interface 4 via which short information can be received from a mobile radiotelephone subscriber 1a, 1b, and can be demodulated and decoded. A unit 5 for processing the received short messages and for converting the short messages into a television-compatible format radio-frequency interface The connected to the information processed in this way is then fed via a TV interface 6 into the television network and transmitted in the form of TV signals via TV signal paths 9a, 9b in a cableless or cable-connected manner to the TV sets 10a, 10b connected to the television network.

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TV transmitter unit 3 The does not have to be transmitter station, but complete TVrather function of the TV transmitter unit 3 can also be implemented merely by means of a correspondingly designed server, which can be dialed up mobile corresponding telephone number from any telephone 1a, 1b and can feed the converted, received short messages into the television network.

The short messages transmitted to the TV sets 10a, 10b 30 can be visualized in different ways on the corresponding screens. Thus, for example, conceivable possible for the short information always to be transmitted by the TV transmitter unit 2 via a TV transmission channel specifically reserved for this 35 purpose to the TV sets 10a, 10b, whereby a dedicated channel space is provided there to display

currently available information. The short information can also be incorporated in the TV sets 10a, 10b into the videotext service offered by the various TV programs or TV transmitters. Ιt is also possible for the short information to be transmitted to the TV sets 10a, 10b together with the TV transmission signals allocated to a specific TV program or transmitter and for the short information then to be inserted into the normal TV program. The short messages can be presented on the screens of the TV sets 10a, 10b connected to the television network either continuously or in the form of a permanent local display on the corresponding screen.

and/or Additional information, such the 15 as name mobile of the radiotelephone telephone number subscriber sending the short messages, can also be added by the TV transmission station 2 to the short messages.

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With the aid of the communications system according to the invention shown in Fig. 1, it is, for example, possible for any mobile radiotelephone subscriber to intervene interactively and spontaneously in a current television program and send messages to the television audience.

It is thus also possible to create virtual TV market places, where mobile radiotelephone subscribers can submit sale or purchase advertisements.

In addition, a virtual TV chat room, for example, can also be created, which will be explained in detail below with reference to the illustrations shown in Figs. 2A, 2B and 3.

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As shown in Fig. 2A, with reference to the content of the display 11 of a mobile telephone, a mobile

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radiotelephone subscriber initially enters the short message "Anyone going to the R.E.M. concert next week?" via the keypad of his mobile telephone and transmits this by entering the telephone number "0179 700 800 9", which is allocated to the "MSNBC-Chat TV" application, via the mobile radiotelephone network to a base station 2 (cf. the illustration shown in Fig. 2B). The base station 2 then forwards the short message to a TV transmitter unit 3 corresponding to the dial-up application.

In the TV transmitter unit 3, the the short message is converted into a TV transmission signal, is fed into the corresponding television network and transmitted to the TV sets connected thereto. As shown in Fig. 3, with reference to the screen content of a corresponding TV set 10, all short messages transmitted to the TV set 10 of all mobile radiotelephone subscribers are presented in the form of a display scrolling from top to bottom, for example in a free channel space, thereby producing a presentation of messages similar to an Internet chat.

In the example shown in Fig. 3, the name and telephone number of the mobile radiotelephone subscriber in each case sending the short messages are presented along with the actual short messages.